

PRELIMINARY AIR MONITORING SUMMARY

Jenkintown, PA SPS Technologies Fire February 28 – March 1, 2025

Submitted March 2, 2025

1.0 INTRODUCTION

On February 19, 2025, CTEH was contacted to provide community air monitoring for SPS Technologies, LLC in conjunction with the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PA DEP). CTEH initially established seven stationary real-time air monitoring locations in a perimeter around the SPS Technologies facility and adjacent residential areas on the morning of February 20, 2025. Real-time air monitoring performed by CTEH began at 1208 EST on February 20, 2025. At 1000 EST on February 22, 2025, CTEH established a Kestrel 6000 cellular weather station approximately 500 feet north of the facility. On the evening of February 22, 2025, CTEH established four additional stationary monitoring locations in community areas around the facility. Consistent with the updated Air Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP) submitted on February 23, 2025, CTEH established two additional community stationary monitoring locations on both February 23 and February 24, 2025, bringing the total number of stationary monitoring locations to fifteen. The SAP was further updated on February 26, 2025 to reflect the removal of particulate matter monitors during rain events and a change in how monitoring stations were identified. These stationary real-time monitoring locations were established to encompass a 360° monitoring perimeter around the facility and within nearby communities.

This report summarizes real-time air monitoring data collected by CTEH personnel from approximately 0600 EST on February 28, 2025 to approximately 0600 EST on March 1, 2025.

2.0 AIR MONITORING METHODS

Real-time air monitoring refers to the use of direct-reading instruments to provide a near-instantaneous readout of chemical concentrations in the air. On February 19, 2025, CTEH personnel developed a SAP to document and quantify the potential release of fugitive emissions from the incident. CTEH has continued to update the SAP and associated monitoring locations based on feedback from PA DEP. The analytes chosen for air monitoring were coordinated with representatives from USEPA and PA DEP for this incident based on the Tier II documentation for the SPS Technologies Facility.

Handheld real-time air monitoring refers to data collected by roaming CTEH personnel using handheld air monitoring instruments. Stationary real-time air monitoring refers to stationary instruments that record air monitoring data approximately every 15 seconds and send the data in real time to a centralized location via radio telemetry. Handheld and Stationary real-time air monitoring were conducted using RAE[®] Systems by Honeywell MultiRAE Pro and AreaRAE instruments equipped with 10.6 eV photoionization detectors and multiple electrochemical sensors, ChemLogic CLPx portable gas detectors, and Gastec GV-100 pumps equipped with chemical-specific, colorimetric detector tubes. These include volatile organic compounds (VOCs), hydrogen cyanide (HCN), hydrogen sulfide (H₂S), chlorine (Cl₂), carbon



monoxide (CO), sulfuric acid, nitric acid, and flammability as a percentage of the lower explosive limit (%LEL). Additionally, handheld and stationary real-time air monitoring for particulate matter of 2.5 μ m diameter or less (PM_{2.5}) was conducted using TSI SidePak AM520 instruments.

Stationary air monitoring equipment is subject to drift events, which are defined as any interference in an instrument's photoionization detector (PID; 10.6 eV) or electrochemical sensor's ability to accurately report the concentration of a chemical in the atmosphere. Common sources of drift include impacts from humidity, temperature changes, and issues with instrument batteries. These drift sources may cause air monitoring equipment to report consistent, low-level detections in the absence of chemicals present in the air.

In total, CTEH has established fifteen stationary real-time air monitoring locations as part of this response. Six air monitoring stations were installed around the perimeter of the impacted facility. The remaining nine monitoring stations were established in the communities surrounding the impacted facility, including schools and parks. These locations include Baederwood Park, the Glenside Youth Athletic Club Baseball Fields, the Noble Train Station, Jenkintown Middle/High School, Salus University, Thomas Williams Park, Curtis Arboretum, Arcadia University, and Glenn Memorial Hall.

3.0 AIR MONITORING RESULTS

Maps of the incident location, real-time air monitoring results, and the locations of stationary real-time air monitoring locations are provided in **Attachment A**. The results of handheld real-time air monitoring are summarized in **Table 1**. The results of stationary real-time air monitoring from the perimeter locations are summarized in **Tables 2 and 3**. The results of the stationary real-time air monitoring from the community locations are summarized in **Tables 4 and 5**. Visual depictions of the stationary real-time air monitoring data from the perimeter locations are provided in **Attachment B**. Visual depictions of the stationary real-time air monitoring data from the perimeter locations are provided in **Attachment B**. Visual depictions of the stationary real-time air monitoring data from the community locations are provided in **Attachment C**. A wind rose depicting wind direction and wind speed during this reporting period is provided in **Attachment D**. Meteorological data were acquired from both the PHILADELPHIA NE weather station in Philadelphia, PA, and a Kestrel 6000 cellular weather station located approximately 500 feet north of the facility.



3.1 Handheld Real-Time Air Monitoring Results

Analyte*	Instrument	Number of Readings	Number of Detections	Concentration Range**
Cl ₂	Gastec 8La	50	0	< 0.05 ppm
Cl2	MultiRAE	142	0	< 0.1 ppm
H_2S	MultiRAE	36	0	< 0.1 ppm
HCN	Gastec #12L	32	0	< 0.1 ppm
TICIN	MultiRAE	55	0	< 1 ppm
Nitric Acid	Gastec #15L	120	0	< 0.05 ppm
Sulfuric Acid	CLPx	29	0	< 23.3 ppb
Summer Actu	Gastec #35	95	0	< 0.2 mg/m ³
VOCs	MultiRAE	32	0	< 0.1 ppm

Table 1: Handheld Real-Time Perimeter and Expanded Community Air Monitoring Results⁺

⁺Note: This is a preliminary data summary, indicating that the data provided have not undergone full quality assurance and quality control (QAQC) process and should be considered preliminary at this time.

*Gastec measurements for nitric oxide and nitrogen dioxide were utilized during this reporting period as a QA/QC evaluation of humidity interference on Gastec tubes and are not reported in this data table. There were no detections of either analyte during this evaluation. **If no detectable concentration was observed, the instrument detection limit is preceded by a "<" symbol.

There were no detections of any analyte evaluated during Handheld Perimeter Air Monitoring or Handheld Community Air Monitoring in this reporting period.

3.2 Stationary Real-Time Perimeter Air Monitoring Results

Unit	Analyte	Number of Readings	Number of Detections	Concentration Range*
	CO	5,756	3	4.0 - 11.0 ppm
	H_2S	5,756	0	< 0.1 ppm
Station 01	HCN	5,756	0	< 1.0 ppm
	%LEL	5,756	0	< 1.0 %
	VOCs	5,756	1,799	0.1 - 0.2 ppm
	CO	5,801	0	< 1.0 ppm
	H_2S	5,801	0	< 0.1 ppm
Station 03	HCN	5,801	0	< 1.0 ppm
	%LEL	5,801	0	< 1.0 %
	VOCs	5,802	320	0.1 ppm
Station 04	CO	5,801	0	< 1.0 ppm
51411011 04	H_2S	5,801	0	< 0.1 ppm



	HCN	5,801	0	< 1.0 ppm
-	%LEL	5,801	0	< 1.0 %
-	VOCs	5,801	0	< 0.1 ppm
	СО	5,806	0	< 1.0 ppm
_	H_2S	5,806	0	< 0.1 ppm
Station 05	HCN	5,806	0	< 1.0 ppm
-	%LEL	5,806	0	< 1.0 %
—	VOCs	5,806	0	< 0.1 ppm
	СО	5,809	0	< 1.0 ppm
_	H_2S	5,809	0	< 0.1 ppm
Station 06	HCN	5,809	0	< 1.0 ppm
_	%LEL	5,809	0	< 1.0 %
-	VOCs	5,809	0	< 0.1 ppm
	СО	5,719	0	< 1.0 ppm
Station 07	H_2S	5,719	0	< 0.1 ppm
	HCN	5,719	0	< 1.0 ppm
-	%LEL	5,719	0	< 1.0 %
_	VOCs	5,719	211	0.1 ppm

[†]Note: This is a preliminary data summary, indicating that the data provided have not undergone full quality assurance and quality control (QAQC) process and should be considered preliminary at this time. AreaRAE monitoring data contain drift events. Drift is defined as any interference in an instrument's photoionization detector (PID; 10.6 eV) or electrochemical sensor's ability to accurately report the concentration of a chemical in the atmosphere. Humidity, rapid temperature changes, and compromised instrument batteries are examples of common sources of drift. * If no detection was observed, the instrument detection limit preceded by a "<" symbol is listed; ppm = parts per million

Table 3: Summary of Stationary Real-Time Perimeter Air Monitoring PM_{2.5} Results[†]

Unit	Instrument	24-Hour PM _{2.5} NAAQS	Average $PM_{2.5}$ Concentration (mg/m ³)
Station 1	AM520	0.035	0.011
Station 3	AM520	0.035	0.010
Station 4	AM520	0.035	0.010
Station 5	AM520	0.035	0.010
Station 6	AM520	0.035	0.012
Station 7	AM520	0.035	0.012

⁺Note: This is a preliminary data summary, indicating that the data provided have not undergone full quality assurance and quality control (QAQC) process and should be considered preliminary at this time.

During stationary real-time perimeter air monitoring, there were no detections of H₂S, HCN or %LEL at any air monitoring station. Transient, low-level detections of CO were observed at Station 1. During this reporting period, PM_{2.5} monitoring was paused at approximately 0930 EST and resumed at approximately



1200 EST on February 28, 2025 due to a rain event per the SAP v1.2 addendum. There were no elevated average PM_{2.5} concentrations observed in the perimeter monitoring locations during this reporting period.

3.3 Stationary Real-Time Expanded Community Air Monitoring Results

Unit	Analyte	Count of Readings	Count of Detections	Range of Detections
	СО	5,136	0	< 1.0 ppm
	H2S	5,136	0	< 0.1 ppm
Station 02	HCN	4,604	0	< 1.0 ppm
	LEL	5,136	0	< 1.0 %
	VOCs	5,136	1,181	0.1 ppm
	СО	4,999	0	< 1.0 ppm
	H2S	4,999	0	< 0.1 ppm
Station 08	HCN	4,862	0	< 1.0 ppm
	LEL	4,999	0	< 1.0 %
	VOCs	4,999	0	< 0.1 ppm
	СО	5,337	0	< 1.0 ppm
	H2S	5,337	0	< 0.1 ppm
Station 09	HCN	5,337	0	< 1.0 ppm
	LEL	5,337	0	< 1.0 %
	1,041	0.1 - 0.3 ppm		
Station 10	СО	5,162	0	< 1.0 ppm
	H2S	5,162	0	< 0.1 ppm
	HCN	5,162	0	< 1.0 ppm
	LEL	5,162	0	< 1.0 %
	VOCs	5,162	0	< 0.1 ppm
	СО	5,303	0	< 1.0 ppm
	H2S	5,303	0	< 0.1 ppm
Station 11	HCN	5,303	0	< 1.0 ppm
	LEL	5,303	0	< 1.0 %
	VOCs	5,303	1	0.1 ppm
	СО	5,456	0	< 1.0 ppm
	H2S	5,456	0	< 0.1 ppm
Station 12	HCN	5,456	0	< 1.0 ppm
	LEL	5,456	0	< 1.0 %
	VOCs	5,456	0	< 0.1 ppm
Station 13	СО	5,531	0	< 1.0 ppm
วเล่นบท 13	H2S	5,531	0	< 0.1 ppm

Table 4. Summary of Stationary Real-Time Expanded Community Air Monitoring AreaRAE Results[†]

Preliminary Air Monitoring Summary SPS Technologies Fire February 28-March 1, 2025



	HCN	5,531	0	< 1.0 ppm
-	LEL	5,531	0	< 1.0 %
-	VOCs	5,531	0	< 0.1 ppm
	СО	5,032	0	< 1.0 ppm
-	H2S	5,032	0	< 0.1 ppm
Station 14	HCN	5,032	0	< 1.0 ppm
-	LEL	5,032	0	< 1.0 %
-	VOCs	5,032	364	0.1 - 0.3 ppm
	СО	5,192	4	1.0 - 2.0 ppm
-	H2S	5,192	0	< 0.1 ppm
Station 15	HCN	5,192	0	< 1.0 ppm
-	LEL	5,192	0	< 1.0 %
-	VOCs	5,192	11	0.1 ppm

[†]Note: This is a preliminary data summary, indicating that the data provided have not undergone full quality assurance and quality control (QAQC) process and should be considered preliminary at this time. AreaRAE monitoring data contain drift events. Drift is defined as any interference in an instrument's photoionization detector (PID; 10.6 eV) or electrochemical sensor's ability to accurately report the concentration of a chemical in the atmosphere. Humidity, rapid temperature changes, and compromised instrument batteries are examples of common sources of drift. * If no detection was observed, the instrument detection limit preceded by a "<" symbol is listed; ppm = parts per million



Unit	Instrument	24-Hour PM _{2.5} NAAQS	Average $PM_{2.5}$ Concentration (mg/m ³)
Station 2	AM 520	0.035	0.011
Station 8	AM520	0.035	0.011
Station 9	AM520	0.035	0.013
Station 10	AM520	0.035	0.011
Station 11	AM520	0.035	0.011
Station 12	AM520	0.035	0.011
Station 13	AM520	0.035	0.010
Station 14	AM520	0.035	0.011
Station 15	AM520	0.035	0.009

Table 5: Summary of Stationary Real-Time Expanded Community Air Monitoring PM_{2.5} Results⁺

[†]Note: This is a preliminary data summary, indicating that the data provided have not undergone full quality assurance and quality control (QAQC) process and should be considered preliminary at this time.

Stationary real-time monitoring at nine locations in communities surrounding the facility indicated no detections of H₂S, HCN, or % LEL. Transient low-level detections of CO were observed at Station 15. During this reporting period, PM_{2.5} monitoring was paused at approximately 0930 EST and resumed at approximately 1200 EST on February 28, 2025 due to a rain event per the SAP v1.2 addendum. There were no elevated average PM_{2.5} concentrations observed in the community monitoring locations during this reporting period.

4.0 METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS

Attachment D contains wind roses depicting wind speed and direction from station PHILADELPHIA NE, approximately 6.89 miles from the site, and a Kestrel 6000 cellular monitoring station located approximately 500 feet north of the facility.

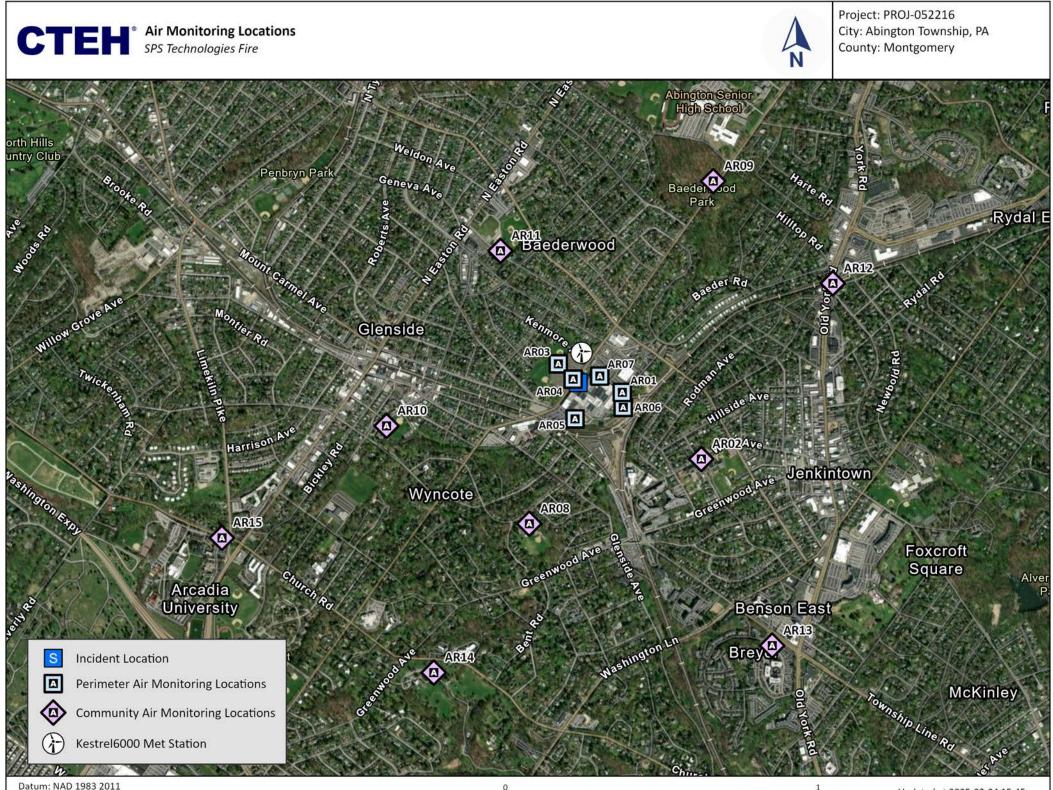


Attachment A

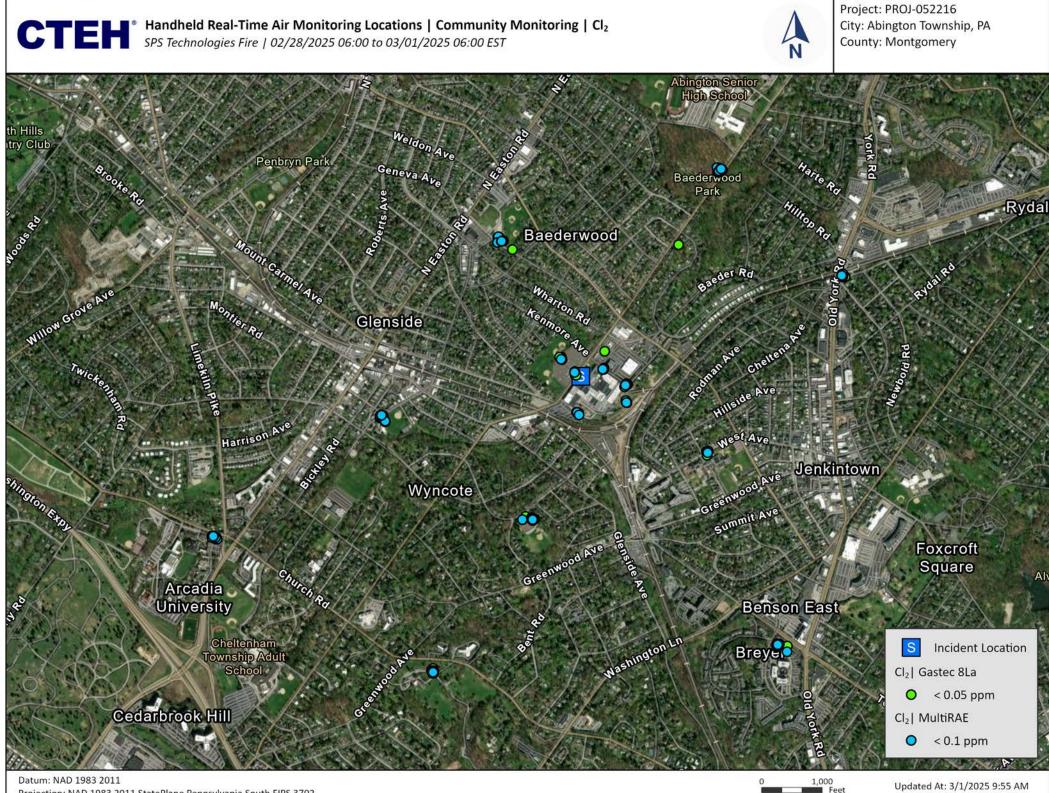
Maps



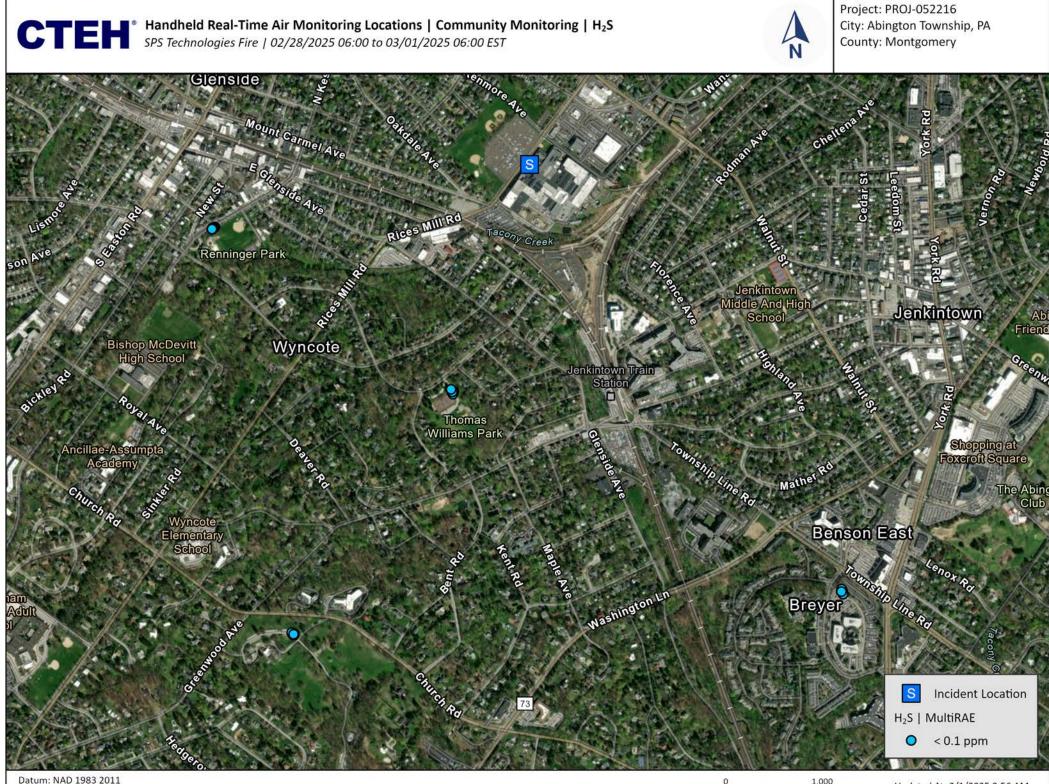




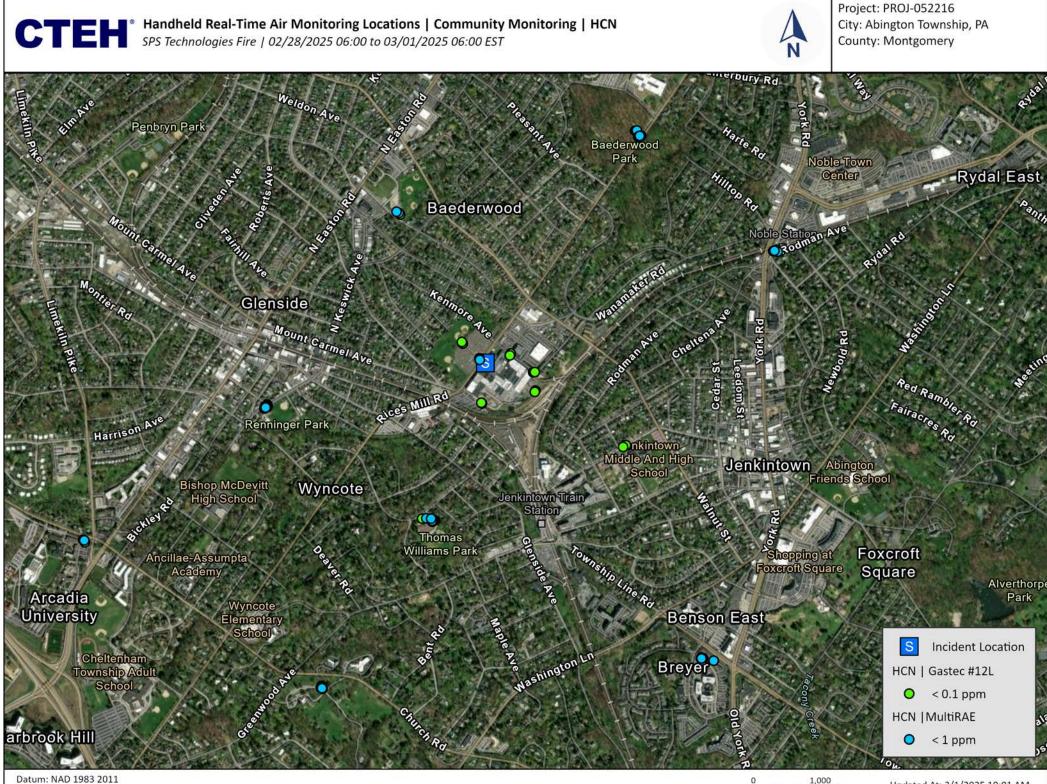
Miles



Updated At: 3/1/2025 9:55 AM

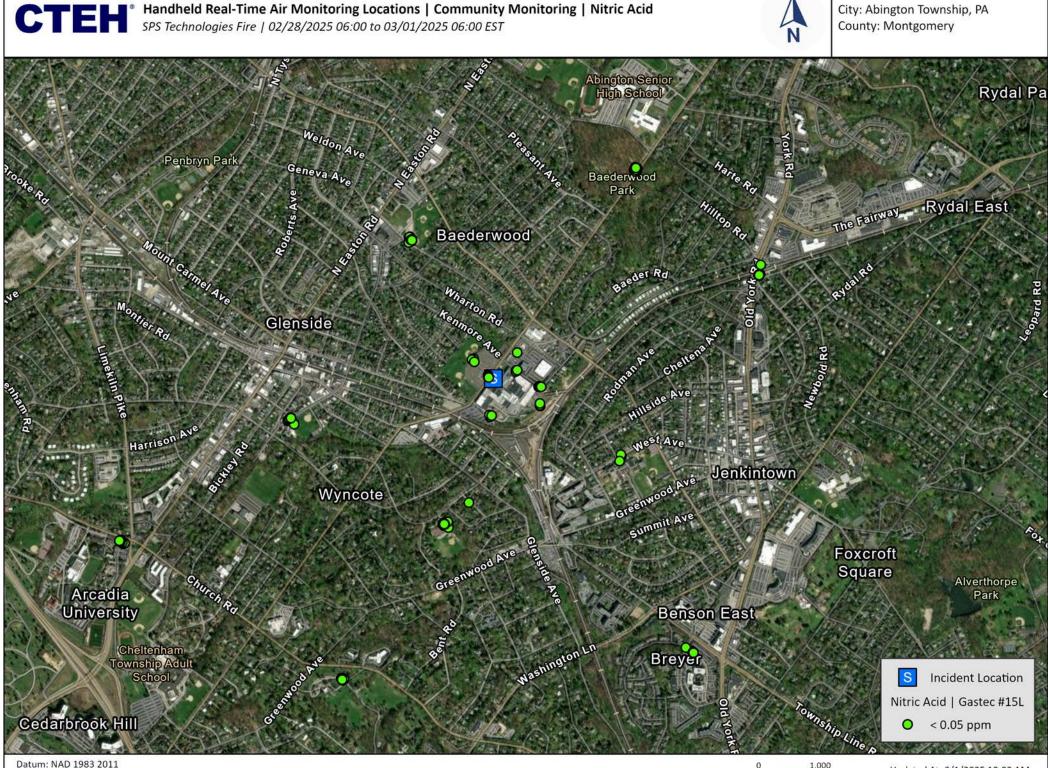


Updated At: 3/1/2025 9:56 AM



Feet

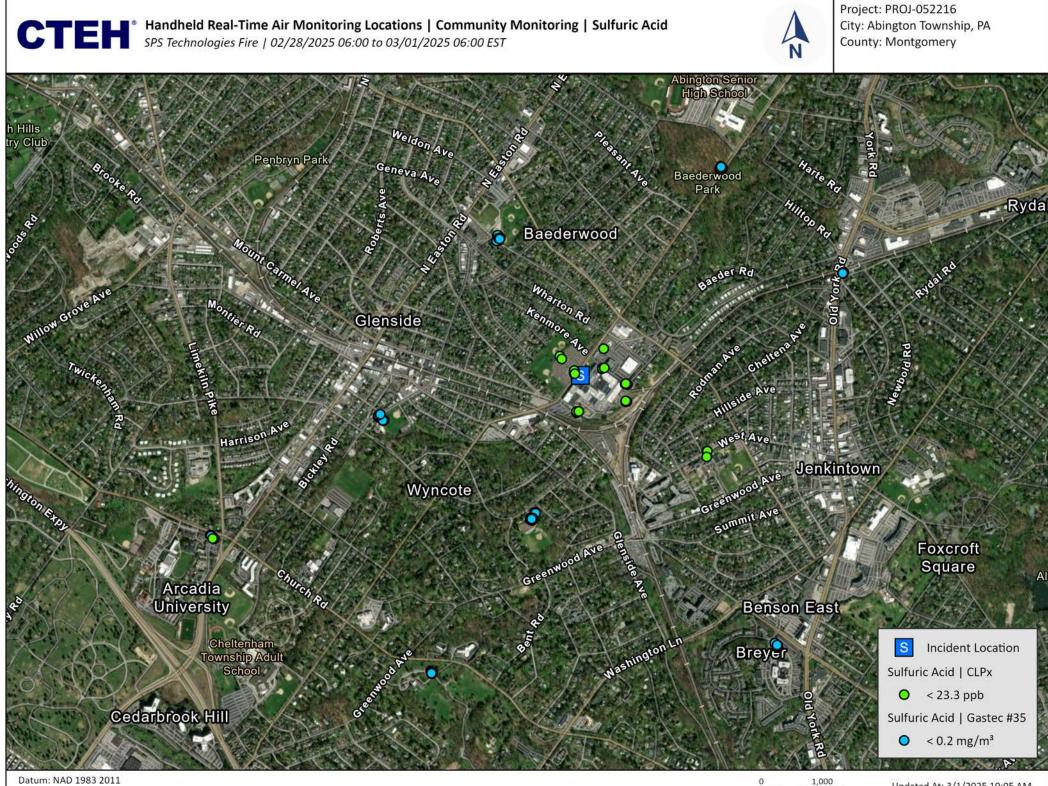
Updated At: 3/1/2025 10:01 AM



1,000 Feet

Updated At: 3/1/2025 10:02 AM

Project: PROJ-052216



Feet

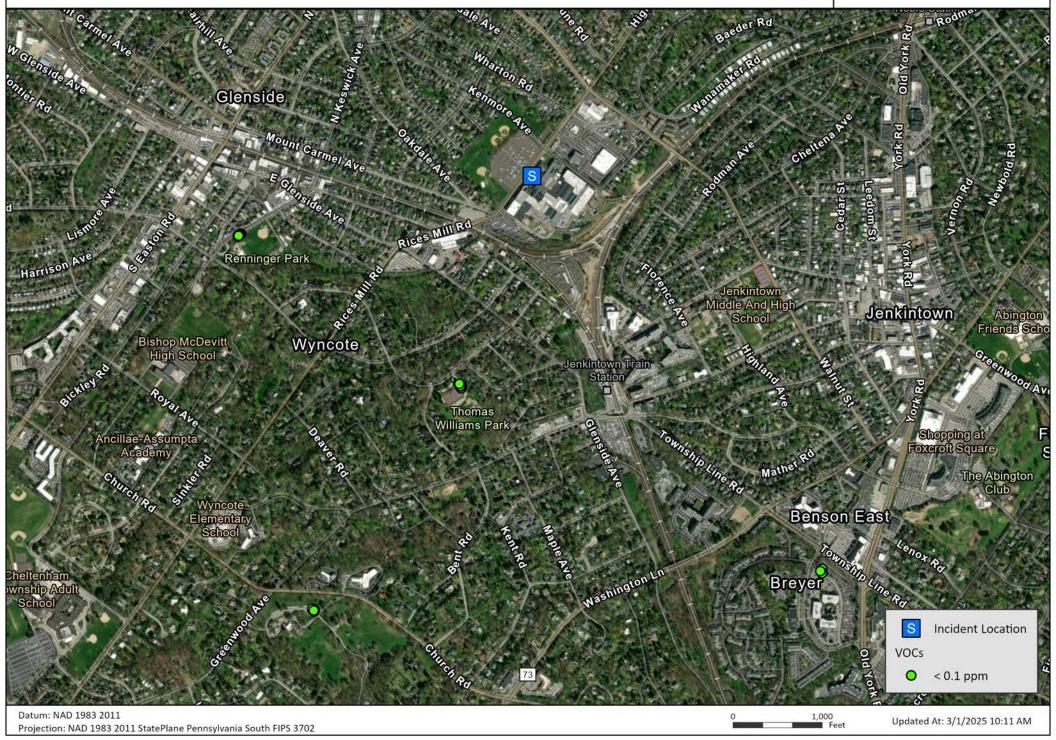
Updated At: 3/1/2025 10:05 AM



Handheld Real-Time Air Monitoring Locations | Community Monitoring | VOCs SPS Technologies Fire | 02/28/2025 06:00 to 03/01/2025 06:00 EST



Project: PROJ-052216 City: Abington Township, PA County: Montgomery

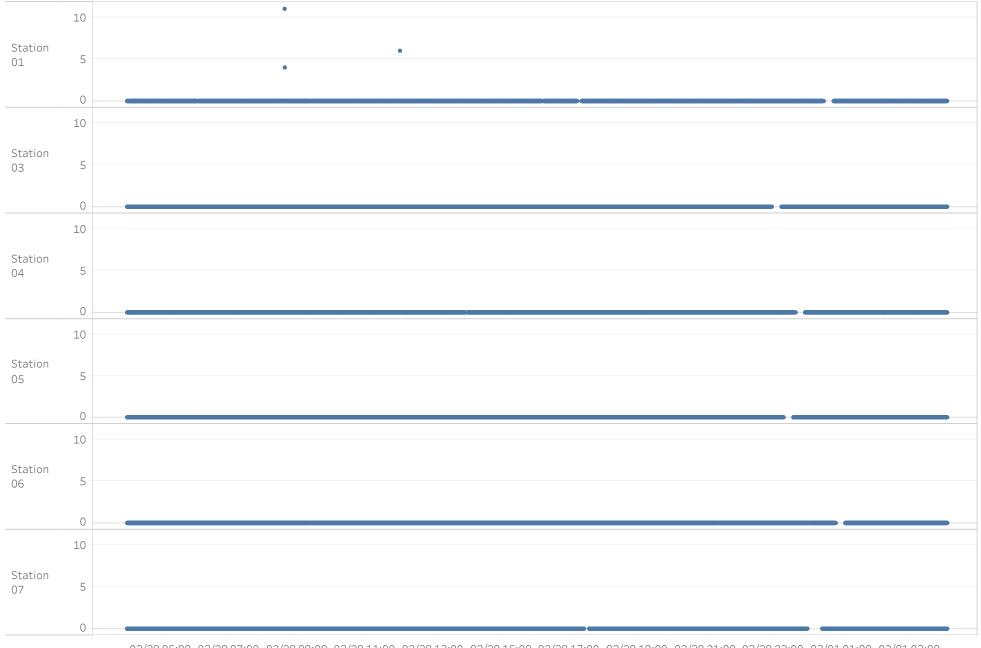


Attachment B

Stationary Real-Time Perimeter Monitoring Graphs



Preliminary Fixed Station Real-time Air Monitoring Readings PROJ-052216 | SPS Technologies Fire | Abington Township, PA 2/28/2025 4:00:07 AM to 3/1/2025 4:06:17 AM | **Analyte: CO (ppm)**

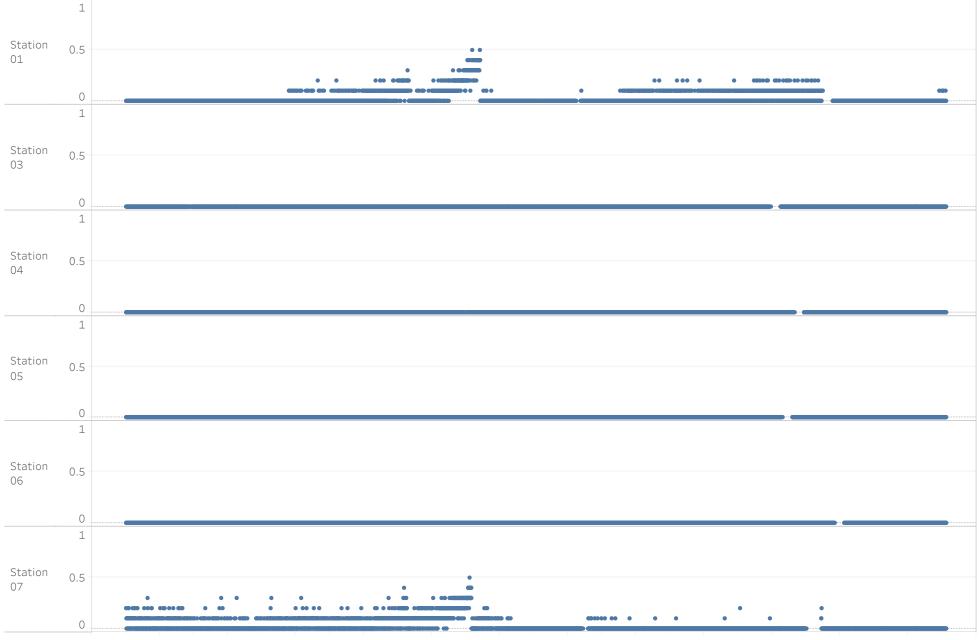


02/28 05:00 02/28 07:00 02/28 09:00 02/28 11:00 02/28 13:00 02/28 15:00 02/28 17:00 02/28 19:00 02/28 21:00 02/28 23:00 03/01 01:00 03/01 03:00

Preliminary Fixed Station Real-time Air Monitoring Readings PROJ-052216 | SPS Technologies Fire | Abington Township, PA 2/28/2025 4:00:07 AM to 3/1/2025 4:06:17 AM | **Analyte: H2S (ppm)**



Preliminary Fixed Station Real-time Air Monitoring Readings PROJ-052216 | SPS Technologies Fire | Abington Township, PA 2/28/2025 4:00:07 AM to 3/1/2025 4:06:17 AM | **Analyte: HCN (ppm)**



02/28 05:00 02/28 07:00 02/28 09:00 02/28 11:00 02/28 13:00 02/28 15:00 02/28 17:00 02/28 19:00 02/28 21:00 02/28 23:00 03/01 01:00 03/01 03:00

Preliminary Fixed Station Real-time Air Monitoring Readings PROJ-052216 | SPS Technologies Fire | Abington Township, PA 2/28/2025 4:00:07 AM to 3/1/2025 4:06:17 AM | **Analyte: LEL (%)**



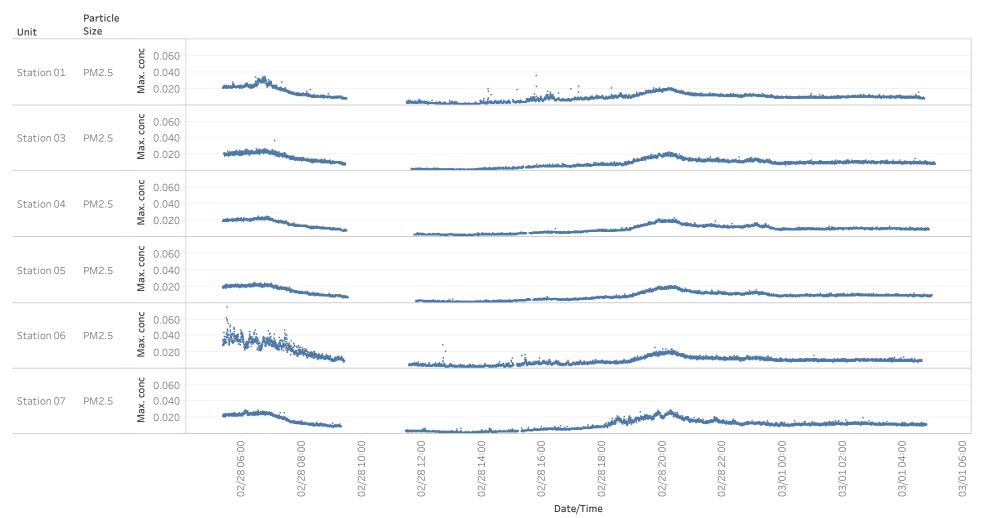
Preliminary Fixed Station Real-time Air Monitoring Readings PROJ-052216 | SPS Technologies Fire | Abington Township, PA 2/28/2025 4:00:07 AM to 3/1/2025 4:06:17 AM | Analyte: VOCs (ppm)



02/28 05:00 02/28 07:00 02/28 09:00 02/28 11:00 02/28 13:00 02/28 15:00 02/28 17:00 02/28 19:00 02/28 21:00 02/28 23:00 03/01 01:00 03/01 03:00

PROJ-052216 | PM2.5 Graph

SPS Technologies Fire | Abington Township, PA 02/28 05:23 to 03/01 05:05



PROJ-052216 Summary Table | PM2.5

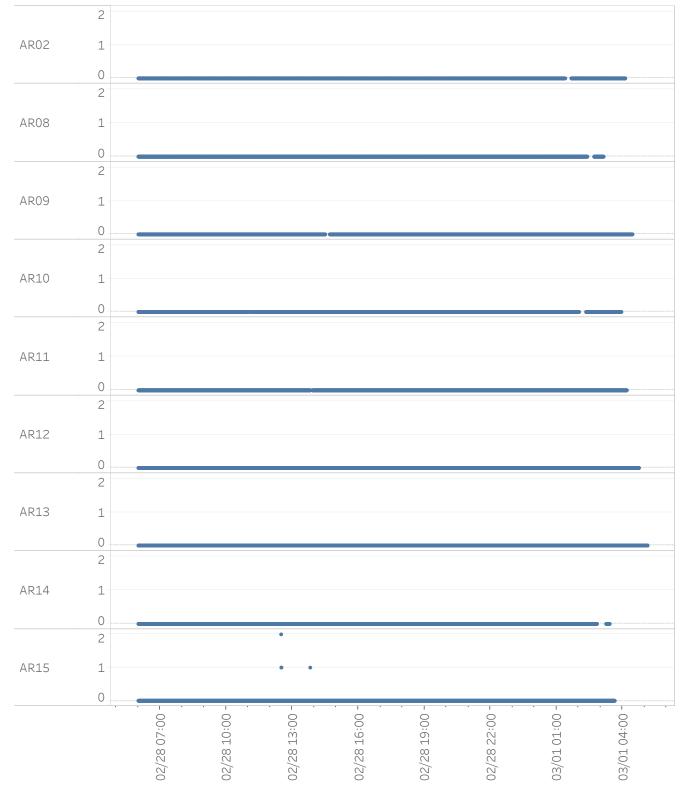
Unit	Particle Size	Count of Records	Count of Detections	Min. concentration	Max. concentration	Avg. concentration
Station 01	PM2.5	5,106	5,106	0.001	0.036	0.011
Station 03	PM2.5	5,142	5,142	0.001	0.037	0.010
Station 04	PM2.5	5,082	5,082	0.002	0.025	0.010
Station 05	PM2.5	5,107	5,107	0.001	0.025	0.010
Station 06	PM2.5	5,044	5,044	0.001	0.075	0.012
Station 07	PM2.5	5,088	5,088	0.001	0.029	0.012

Attachment C

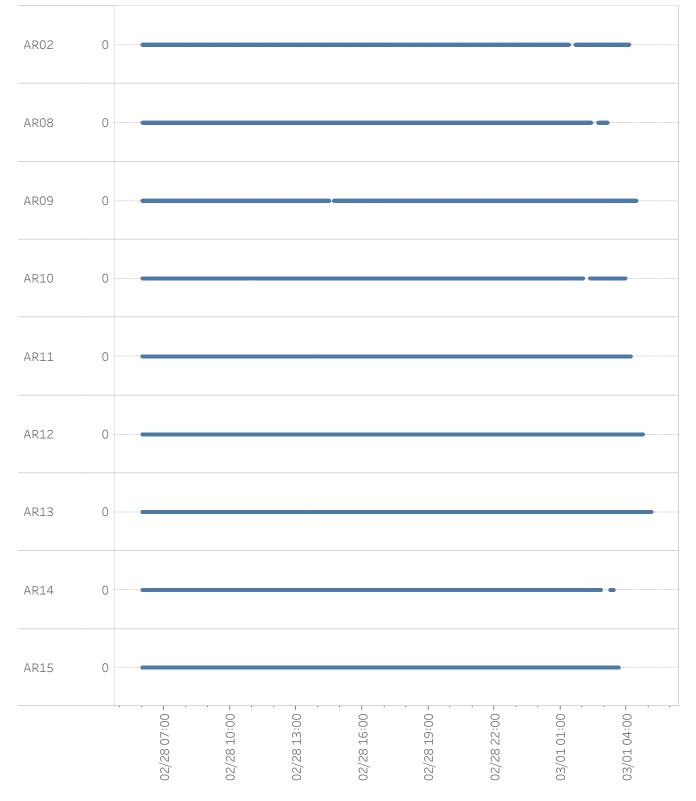
Stationary Real-Time Community Monitoring Graphs



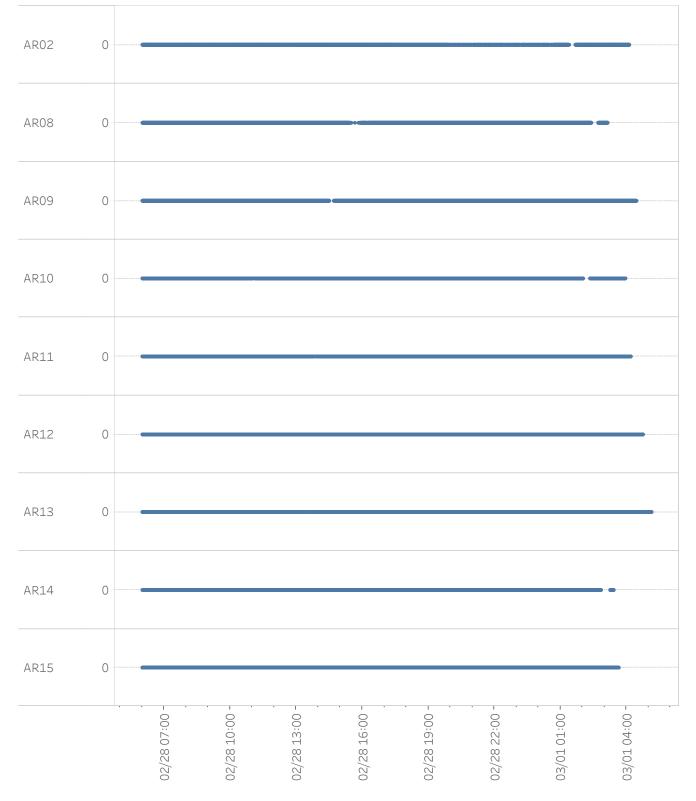
Preliminary Fixed Station Real-time Air Monitoring Readings PROJ-052216 | Expanded Community | SPS Technologies Fire | Abington Township, PA 2/28/2025 6:00:00 AM to 3/1/2025 5:07:25 AM | **Analyte: CO (ppm)**



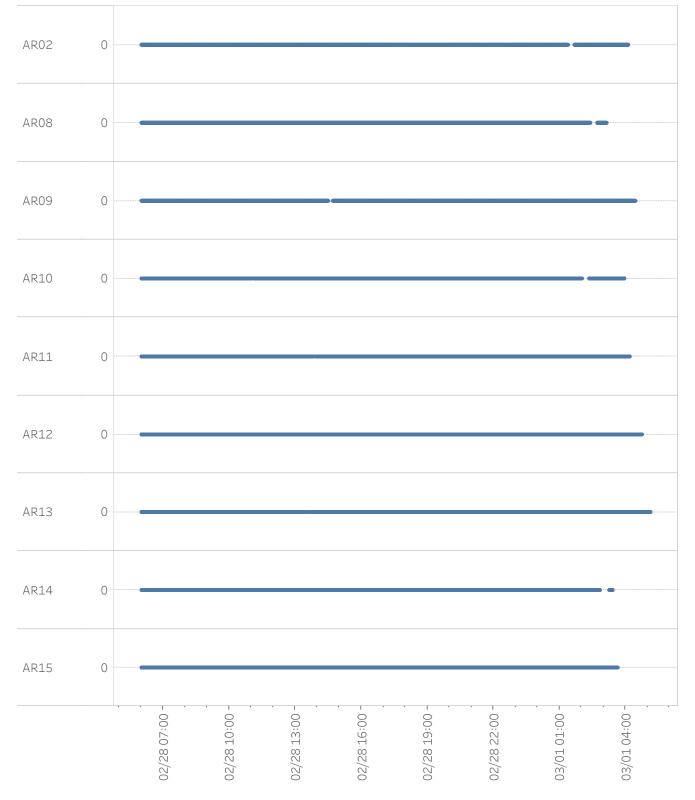
Preliminary Fixed Station Real-time Air Monitoring Readings PROJ-052216 | Expanded Community | SPS Technologies Fire | Abington Township, PA 2/28/2025 6:00:00 AM to 3/1/2025 5:07:25 AM | **Analyte: H2S (ppm)**



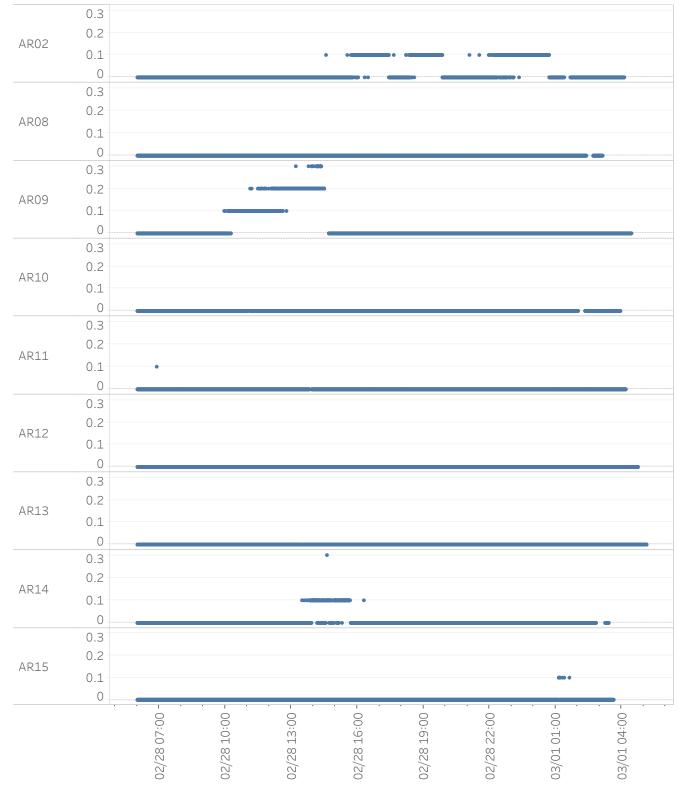
Preliminary Fixed Station Real-time Air Monitoring Readings PROJ-052216 | Expanded Community | SPS Technologies Fire | Abington Township, PA 2/28/2025 6:00:00 AM to 3/1/2025 5:07:25 AM | **Analyte: HCN (ppm)**



Preliminary Fixed Station Real-time Air Monitoring Readings PROJ-052216 | Expanded Community | SPS Technologies Fire | Abington Township, PA 2/28/2025 6:00:00 AM to 3/1/2025 5:07:25 AM | **Analyte: LEL (%)**

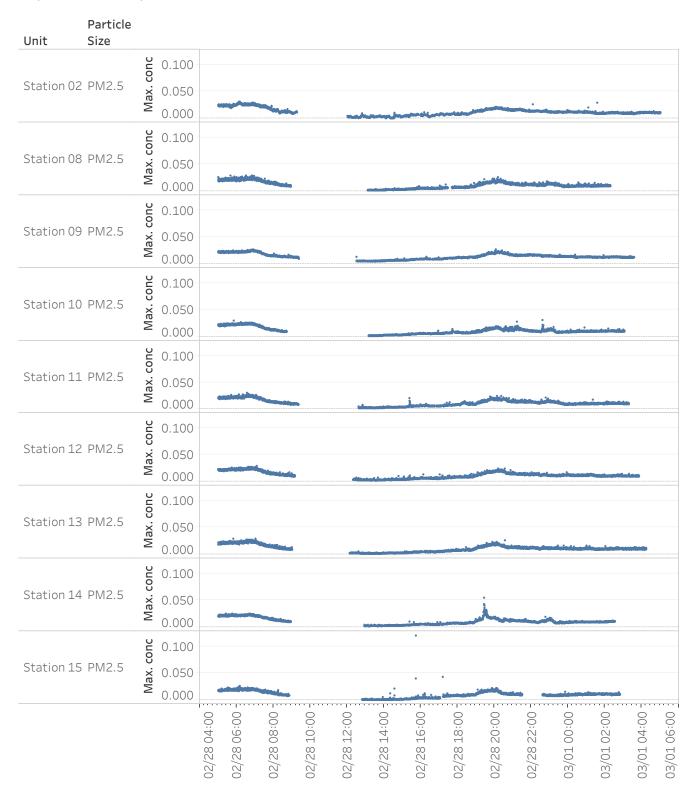


Preliminary Fixed Station Real-time Air Monitoring Readings PROJ-052216 | Expanded Community | SPS Technologies Fire | Abington Township, PA 2/28/2025 6:00:00 AM to 3/1/2025 5:07:25 AM | **Analyte: VOCs (ppm)**



PROJ-052216 | PM2.5 Graph | Expanded Community

SPS Technologies Fire | Abington Township, PA 02/28 05:00 to 03/01 04:59



PROJ-052216 Summary Table | PM2.5 | Expanded Community

Unit	Particle Size	Count of Records	Count of Detections	Min. concentration	Max. concentration	Avg. concentration
Station 02	PM2.5	5,064	5,020	0.000	0.031	0.011
Station 08	PM2.5	4,052	4,052	0.001	0.029	0.011
Station 09	PM2.5	4,637	4,637	0.004	0.027	0.013
Station 10	PM2.5	4,200	4,200	0.001	0.031	0.011
Station 11	PM2.5	4,544	4,544	0.001	0.030	0.011
Station 12	PM2.5	4,709	4,709	0.001	0.029	0.011
Station 13	PM2.5	4,804	4,804	0.001	0.029	0.010
Station 14	PM2.5	4,188	4,188	0.001	0.055	0.011
Station 15	PM2.5	3,988	3,640	0.000	0.121	0.009

Attachment D

Meteorological Conditions



